BIRD ROUTE NO 1

Bird Route No 1 features 'A Trip Down Wallagoot Lane'. A circular drive, starting at the Kalaru Village Store, covers this route and more.

Driving towards Bega the road winds through rural land and overlooks the vast swamp areas. Turning in to Bird Route No 1 (Wallagoot Lane) the commentary covers the next eight kilometres.

Set the trip meter and start! Observers will need to take into account the time of year and previous rainfall (or lack of) when noting the following sightings. That's why birdwatching is so interesting.

On either side of this first section are paddocks which can be feeding grounds to flocks of Sulphurcrested Cockatoo, Straw-necked and Australian Ibis, Little Ravens, Australasian Magpies (80 at a time) and Galahs. Any pipits?

At **0.6km** stop before crossing the bridge. Egrets, Little Pied Cormorant, Black Swan, Musk, Australian Wood and Pacific Black Duck, Grey and Chestnut Teal, Eurasian Coot, Australasian Grebe, Welcome Swallows and martins, or even a Darter and Red-kneed Dotterel may appear here. On the other side of the bridge the tall gum tree is home to the Whistling Kite.

Continue on to the 1.3km reading and stop near a big tree on the left. Did you see the flood marker near the road opposite the farmhouse entry? Walk back to be amazed by the heights.

You are now overlooking what might be pasture, swamp or lake depending on the season, but there is usually something good here. Australian Shelduck, Blackwinged Stilt, spoonbills, ibis, ducks, Pacific Heron, cormorants and possibly Pink-eared Duck and Australasian Shoveler, like this corner. Check all the post sitters too! Listen as Stubble Quail may be calling from the pasture below. Watch for the Swamp Harrier.

At the 1.6km mark, beyond the dairy entrance stop near another big tree in summer and find the Dollarbird nest, that's if the Galah has finished with it. White-faced Herons, Black-fronted Dotterels, Masked Lapwings, what else? Don't forget to look along the road edges too for finches, Willie Wagtails, Superb Fairy-wrens, Jacky Winters and Yellowrumped Thornbills. How do you like all the Starlings?

Between 1.6km - 1.8km travel slowly and prepare to stop as different views appear and then enter a winding section with small dams worth checking and roadside trees full of sounds. At the 2.5km mark have another stop where it is safe to pull over for a final glimpse of the swamp - just near the sign to 'Jan and Bill's Place,' if they haven't moved.

Keep going, not forgetting to check the tiny creeks you cross, and from 3.3km you will be away from the water and have good stands of roadside trees where Eastern Rosellas reside in large numbers, flying up from the grass as you drive through. Maybe the Australian Hobby will surprise you here.

At 5.0km where the large dead trees stand alone there is sure to be a Brown Falcon, and at 5.3km you enter Noisy Miner territory as well as Eastern Rosellas, Grey Butcherbird, and Australian Magpie, with many trees containing hollows to check too.

Having passed 'Hujibah' on the left you reach 6.2km for another patch of bush so go on to the stockyards at 6.4km and pull in to the left. Walk back along the road or wander in opposite the yards. Rufous and Golden Whistler, Grey Currawong, Buff-rumped Thornbill, Red-browed Finch, Grey Fantail, Fan-tailed, Brush and Shining Bronze-Cuckoo, and honeyeaters.

Moving on again you reach the **7.0km** mark which is where Bilyara Gallery used to be and an area rich in birds. If you didn't see the White-winged Choughs and Bronzewing Pigeons near the stockyards they could be around here. Setting off again prepare for

the tight corner at **7.7km** and before turning on to the Sapphire Coast Drive, look along the fences for Scarlet Robins, Jacky Winters or White-fronted Chats in the corner paddock.

Turning left on to Sapphire Coast Drive will take you north. Prepare to turn left again on to Old Wallagoot Road, with the Racecourse on the left. It is suggested you stop every one kilometre or so and birdwatch along the roadside. White-winged Triller, Leaden Flycatcher, Varied Sittella, Bell Miner, raptors and possibly Double-barred Finch. This will bring you back to the start.

On a few hours leisurely trip a species list of 70 upwards would not be an unreasonable expectation.

BIRD LIST (incomplete) FOR THIS ROUTE:

(Arranged in the order of Christidis and Boles 2008)

- Stubble Quail
- Musk Duck
- 3. Black Swan
- 4. Australian Shelduck
- Australian Wood Duck
- 6. Pink-eared Duck
- 7. Australasian Shoveler
- 8. Grey Teal
- 9. Chestnut Teal
- Pacific Black Duck
- 11. Hardhead
- 12. Australasian Grebe
- 13. Hoary-headed Grebe
- 14. White-headed Pigeon
- 15. Common Bronzewing
- 16. Crested Pigeon
- 17. Peaceful Dove
- 18. White-throated Needletail
- 19. Australasian Darter
- 20. Little Pied Cormorant
- 21. Little Black Cormorant
- 22. Pied Cormorant
- 23. Australian Pelican
- 24. White-necked Heron
- 25. Eastern Great Egret
- 26. Cattle Egret
- 27. White-faced Heron
- 28. Australian White Ibis

29.	Straw-necked Ibis	77.	Bell Miner
30.	Royal Spoonbill	78.	Noisy Miner
31.	Yellow-billed Spoonbill	79.	Little Wattlebird
32.	White-bellied Sea Eagle	80.	Red Wattlebird
33.	Whistling Kite	81.	White-fronted Chat
34.	Grey Goshawk	82.	Noisy Friarbird
35.	Swamp Harrier	83.	Eastern Whipbird
36.	Wedge-tailed Eagle	84.	Black-faced Cuckoo-Shrike
37.	Little Eagle	85.	Cicadabird
38.	Nankeen Kestrel	86.	White-winged Triller
39.	Brown Falcon	87.	Golden Whistler
40.	Australian Hobby	88.	Rufous Whistler
41.	Purple Swamphen	89.	Grey Shrike-thrush
42.	Dusky Moorhen	90.	Olive-backed Oriole
43.	Eurasian Coot	91.	Dusky Woodswallow
44.	Black-winged Stilt	92.	Grey Butcherbird
45.	Black-fronted Dotterel	93.	Australasian Magpie
46.	Masked Lapwing	94.	Pied Currawong
47.	Sharp-tailed Sandpiper	95.	Grey Currawong
48.	Curlew Sandpiper	96.	Rufous Fantail
49.	Silver Gull	97.	Grey Fantail
50.	Glossy Black-Cockatoo	98.	Willie Wagtail
51.	Yellow-tailed Black-Cockatoo	99.	Australian Raven
52.	Gang-gang Cockatoo	100.	Little Raven
53.	Galah	101.	Leaden Flycatcher
54.	Sulphur-crested Cockatoo	102.	Restless Flycatcher
55.	Australian King Parrot	103.	Magpie- Lark
56.	Crimson Rosella	104.	White-winged Chough
57.	Eastern Rosella	105.	Jacky Winter
58.	Channel-billed Cuckoo	106.	Scarlet Robin
59.	Shining Bronze-Cuckoo	107.	Rose Robin
60.	Fan-tailed Cuckoo	108.	Eastern Yellow Robin
61.	Brush Cuckoo	109.	Golden-headed Cisticola
62.	Laughing Kookaburra	110.	Australian Reed-Warbler
63.	Dollarbird	111.	Silvereye
64.	White-throated Treecreeper	112.	Welcome Swallow
65.	Satin Bowerbird	113.	Fairy Martin
66.	Superb Fairy-wren	114.	Tree Martin
67.	Striated Thornbill	115.	Common Blackbird
68.	Yellow Thornbill	116.	Common Starling
69.	Yellow-rumped Thornbill	117.	Mistletoebird
70.	Buff-rumped Thornbill	118.	Double-barred Finch
71.	Brown Thornbill	119.	Red-browed Finch
72.	Spotted Pardalote	120.	House Sparrow
73.	Striated Pardalote	121.	Australasian Pipit
74.	Eastern Spinebill	122.	European Goldfinch
75.	Yellow-faced Honeyeater	Other sigh	-
76	White-eared Honeyeater		J -

76.

White-eared Honeyeater

BIRD ROUTE NO 1

Bega Valley Shire

Latitude: 36° 45′ 00″ 5 Longitude: 149° 55′ 00″ E

A TRIP DOWN WALLAGOOT LANE

Centred around the Kalaru area, east of Bega, starting on the Bega to Tathra Road, proceeding via Wallagoot Lane, Sapphire Coast Drive and Old Wallagoot Road. Length approximately 20 kilometres.



Far South Coast Birdwatchers

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Field Outings are held on the second SATURDAY and fourth SUNDAY of each month and occasional weekdays.

Evening Functions are held in Merimbula on the second THURSDAY of February, April, June, August, October and December.

Check the website www.fscb.org.au